**PRACTICE TEST 17**

**I. MULTIPLE CHOICE (8.0 points)**

Mark the letter A, B, c, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced

differently front that of the rest in each of the following questions.

1. A. volcanoes B. postpones C. approaches D. prepares

2. A. chaotic B. torch C. archway D. checkout

Mark the letter A, B, c, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the

position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

3. A. pavement B. vacancy C. versatile D. procession

4. A. exhausted B. fabulous C. hilarious D. embarrassed

Mark the letter A, B, c, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each

of the following questions.

5. I do not know where could he have gone so early in the morning.

 A B C D

6. The oxygen in the air we breathe has no tasting, smell, or color.

 A B C D

7. When contented, and occasionally when hunger, cats frequently make a

 A B C

purring sound.

 D

Mark the letter A, B, c, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following

questions.

8. You can buy dairy\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in this shop.

A. producers B. production C. productivity D. products

9. If they aren’t careful with their money, they’ll get into\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. loss B. problem C. debt D. missing

10. Patrick must be out of the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of arriving late for meetings.

A. habit B. custom C. use D. fashion

11. The dinner party went on much longer than John had\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. expected B. wondered C. attended D. appeared

12. “Would you like to have\_\_\_\_\_\_\_coffee?”

A. an amount of B. a lot C. some D. little

13. Elizabeth needs a new pair of shoes because she has\_\_\_\_\_\_\_her old ones.

A. got out of B. grown out of C. looked after D. gone off

14. Of all the factors affecting agricultural production, weather is the one\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the most.

A. it influences farmers B. why farmers influence it

C. that influences farmers D. farmers that it influences

15. It’s difficult to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_what our lives would be like without musiC.

A. expect B. imagine C. remember D. see

16. After drinking a big bottle of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, he got drunk.

A. milk B. orange juice C. water D. liquor

Mark the letter A, B, c, or D to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the

following exchanges.

17. - “Congratulations on your winning!”’

- “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. You are a good friend B. You are welcome.

C. Thank you. D. I’m very happy.

18, - “How did you get here?”

- “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. I came here by train B. I came here last night.

C. The train is so crowded. D. Is it far from here?

Mark the letter A, B, c, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the

underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

19. The professor tried to stimulate interest in archaeology by taking his students on

expeditions.

A. simulate B. fake C. encourage D. diminish

20. In this fairytale there is a wicked old woman. Nobody wants to come near her.

A. evil B. marked C. weak D. immortal

Mark the letter A, B, c, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the

underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

21. It’s tough being an applicant these days. Imagine the questions interviewers ask!

A. violent B. costly C. generous D. pleasant

22. People who go ahead constructively in life are those who hold on to their work or

opportunities with zest.

A. indifference B. hesitancy C. passion D. enthusiasm

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, c, or D to indicate the correct word

that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

An earthquake is shaking, quaking or trembling of the ground. An earthquake (23)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_when two blocks of the earth hit, bump or slide past one another. You feel the

ground shaking. Small and big earthquakes happen all the time on land and in ocean. The

ground shaking that happens under water can cause big (24) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_called tsunami.

What do we need to do during an earthquake? If you are inside a house or a school hide

under a bed or a desk and stay there (25) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the quaking stops. Stay away from the

stairs, windows, walls and furniture because they might collapse and hurt you. Don’t go to

the kitchen and don’t (26) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a gas stove because it might cause fire.

If you’re outside, go to open grounds (the nearest school’s ground or square). Stay away

from buildings, trees, power lines and other big things that might fall on you. If you are in

the car or on the road, stay inside your (27) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_until the shaking stops. The driver

should stop on the side of the road far from big objects or buildings.

23. A. happens B. explodes C. rotates D. damages

24. A. winds B. floods C. waves D. rains

25. A. though B. until C. since D. while

26. A. turn B. light C. blow D. hold

27. A. house B. vehicle C. seat D. position

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, c, or D to indicate the correct

answer to each of the questions.

People invent things to enhance their lives. Today, inventions are mostly improvements

of previous inventions. With technology, inventions are taking a shorter and shorter time to

complete.

One such invention is the camera. The time taken to invent the camera in the sixteenth

century was prolonged due to the lack of technology and scientific knowledge. When

inventors first tried to take a photograph in 1558, the image could not stay on the paper

permanently. It was only in 1837 that inventors managed to produce pictures that did not

fade away.

With the invention of the camera, further improvements were made and the first

underwater camera was invented in 1856. It was placed in a tightly sealed container.

However, when the contraption was underwater, the container broke before many pictures

were taken. It was only in the 1980s that a camera was made to be able to go deep

underwater without being damaged. Less than twenty years later, technology allowed

underwater cameras to take photographs in color and to go even deeper into the water. The

cameras even looked like a fish.

With better technology, an invention will never stay stagnant. People will be relentless in

their efforts at making improvements to an invention.

28. How are inventions of today different from those in the past?

A. They gradually enrich people’s lives.

B. They need less time to complete.

C. They have intention of being larger.

D. They are effectively used.

29. What happened to the image on the photograph of the first camera?

A. The image disappeared.

B. The image was different after a time period.

C. The color of image did not stay a long time.

D. The image could not remain on the paper for long.

30. How many years later did it take the inventors to produce the first underwater camera

after the first camera?

A. 321 years. B. 279 years C. 298 years D. 389 years

31. The first underwater camera was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. made after one improvement B. put in a container

C. stuck to a box D. covered with a seal

32. How was the underwater camera in the 1980s different from the previous?

A. It had the shape of fish.

B. It could take color photos and go deeper.

C. It could swim like á fish.

D. It took color pictures without going into water.

**II. WRITING (2.0 points)**

Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using

the given word. Use between two and five words, including the word given.

33. A temporary manager is running the shop at the moment, (run)

The shop \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a temporary manager at the moment.

34. How long is your journey from home to work? (take)

How long \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ get from home to work?

35. “I haven’t spoken to him yet,” Denise said, (that)

Denise said \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him yet.

36. We might not find it easy to book a seat at the last minute, (could)

It\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_us to book a seat at the last minute.

Finish the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one, beginning

with the given words.

37. It was such a difficult question that no one could answer it correctly.

The question was so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

38. The wind was bending the young tree to the ground.

The young tree \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

39. Might we find water on Mars?

Might water\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

40. The science librarian is more helpful than the history librarian.

The history librarian is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.